## Question 1

Consider three vessels with different diameters that are filled with same liquid to the same height. In which vessel is the surface tension of the liquid the greatest?


Select one:a. Ab. Bc. Cd. in none of them

## Question 2

A pipe has input diameter $d$. The water flow at the input is $\Phi_{0}$. Output diameter is 3 d . What is the water flow $\Phi$ at the pipe output?


Select one:a. $1 / 3 \Phi_{0}$b. $\Phi_{0}$c. $9 \Phi_{0}$d. $3 \Phi_{0}$

## Question 3

Kinetic friction is always

Select one:a. lower that static frictionb. greater than static frictionc. zerod. equal to static friction

## Question 4

Sound intensity level is measured in

Select one:a. dynesb. pascalsc. decibelsd. pounds

## Question 5

Which of the following is a vector?

Select one:a. frequencyb. distancec. workd. velocity

## Question 6

Constructive interference happens when two waves are

Select one:a. high amplitudeb. in phasec. out of phased. Low amplitude

## Question 7

Name the physical quantity that determines the amount of heat needed to warm up 1 kg of a substance by 1 K Select one:a. heat capacityb. entropyc. specific heat capacityd. molar heat capacity

## Question 8

The energy of 1 keV is equal to

Select one:a. $1 \times 10^{19} \mathrm{~J}$b. $1 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~J}$c. $1.6 \times 10^{-16} \mathrm{~J}$d. 1 J

## Question 9

Sublimation is called a change of state

Select one:a. from solid to liquidb. from liquid to solidc. from solid to gasd. from liquid to plasma

## Question 10

Moving a coil in and out of magnetic field indices
Select one:a. none of mentionedb. voltagec. forced. resistance

## Question 11

A converging lens has a focal length of 0.080 meter. A light ray travels from the object placed 0.1 m from the lens parallel to the principal axis. Which line best represents the path of the ray after it leaves the lens?


Select one:a. 1b. 2c. 3d. 4

## Question 12

Density of air is

Select one:a. $1 / 8$ of waterb. $1 / 80$ of waterc. $1 / 800$ of waterd. 1/8000 of water

## Question 13

In the diagram below, the distance between points $A$ and $B$ on a wave is 1000 nm . What is wavelength of this wave?


Select one:a. $\quad 100 \mathrm{~nm}$b. 200 nmc. 250 nmd. 400 nm

## Question 14

Consider three types of the elementary particles neutron, proton and electron. Between which two particles would you expect the highest electric force when they are placed at the same mutual distances?

Select one:a. between two electronsb. between neutron and protonc. between neutron and electrond. between two neutrons

## Question 15

When two mechanical waves meet in one point, their displacements
Select one:a. destruct each otherb. add upc. cancel outd. remain the same

## Question 16

Which graph best represents the motion of an object in the Earth's field that was thrown vertically upward?

Select one:a.

b.

$\bigcirc$
c.

d.


## Question 17

In the reaction ${ }_{11} \mathrm{Na}^{24} \rightarrow{ }_{12} \mathrm{Mg}^{24}+\mathrm{X}$, particle X is a
Select one:a. neutronb. protonc. electrond. positron

## Question 18

Current through each resistor when they are connected in series is

## Select one:

a. sameb. gradually increasingc. zerod. different (according to the resistance)
## Question 19

What is the SI unit of magnetic flux?

Select one:a. 1 weberb. 1 faradc. 1 teslad. 1 henry

## Question 20

Gravitational force acting on two point masses is directly proportional to Select one:a. sum of massesb. distance between massesc. difference of massesd. product of masses

## Question 21

Infrasound

Select one or more:
a. is used for diagnostic purposes in medicineb. can be transferred through a vacuumc. is a form of electromagnetic radiationd. has the frequency lower than 15 Hze. has longer wavelength than hearable soundf. has the speed of propagation lower in solid materials than any other materials

## Question 22

Glasses with diverging lenses are used
Select one or more:a. when the location of the near point (punctum proximum) and the location of the far point (punctum remotum) are sameb. to correct nearsightednessc. when the image is formed in front of the retinad. when the image is formed behind the retinae. to correct glaucomaf. to correct farsightedness

## Question 23

Select the correct statements

Select one or more:
a. The volume pumped out per unit of time by the right ventricle is less than the volume pumped out by the left ventricle.b. The diastolic value of the blood pressure is always greater than the systolic value.c. The diastolic pressure is related to elastic recoil of the aorta wall.d. The work performed by the left ventricle is much greater than the work performed by the right ventricle because the wall of the left ventricle is thicker than the wall of the right ventricle.
e. In all parts of the cardiovascular system two values of the blood pressure can be distinguished, namely the systolic and diastolic value.
f. The volume of blood pumped by the heart in a minute is about 5 liters at rest.

## Question 24

Select the correct statements about human body

Select one or more:a. The potential energy of a 70 kg man standing on the Earth's surface is about 70 kJ .b. The normal blood pressure is about $120 / 80 \mathrm{~Pa}$.c. The breathing frequency is 1 Hz in adults at rest.d. At low luminance the eye sensitivity to the blue light is higher than that to red light.e. The hair cells inside the organ of Corti are mechanoreceptors.f. The cardiac output is about $0.5 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{min}$.

## Question 25

What are the names of the devices that are used by ophthalmologist to determine a degree of nearsightedness?

Select one or more:
$\square$ a. pachymeterb. ophthalmoscopeC. perimeterd. optotypee. tonometerf. refractometer

## Question 26

A stone is thrown upwards with initial velocity of $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Gravitational acceleration $g=9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. The height that stone will reach would be approximately

Select one:a. 20 mb. 60 mc. 40 md. 10 me. 30 mf. 50 m

## Question 27

What is the magnitude of the gravitational force between Earth and Moon? Assume their distance $3.84 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~km}$, masses $6 \times 10^{24} \mathrm{~kg}$ and $7.3 \times 10^{22} \mathrm{~kg}$, and gravitational constant $6.7 \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{~m}^{3} \cdot \mathrm{~kg}^{-1} \cdot \mathrm{~s}^{-2}$.

Select one:a. $\quad 7.6 \times 10^{14} \mathrm{~N}$b. $\quad 2.0 \times 10^{20} \mathrm{~N}$c. $\quad 2.5 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~N}$d. $\quad 1.1 \times 10^{16} \mathrm{~N}$e. $7.6 \times 10^{18} \mathrm{~N}$f. $\quad 4.4 \times 10^{14} \mathrm{~N}$

## Question 28

An ideal gas is inside of a tube at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If the pressure remains constant, but the volume increases from $3 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ to $5 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$, what will be the final temperature in the tube?

Select one:a. $\quad-73{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$b. $463{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$c. $\quad 36^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$d. $\quad 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$e. $-162{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$f. $282{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Question 29

A 800 kg car was accelerated from $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ to $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. What is the increase in kinetic energy?
Select one:a. $\quad 12 \mathrm{~kJ}$b. 80 kJc. $\quad 200 \mathrm{~kJ}$d. 24 kJe. 400 kJf. 40 kJ

## Question 30

Calculate the impedance of a capacitor (capacitive reactance) with the capacitance of $60 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ when it is connected to an AC voltage source at the frequency of 50 Hz .

Select one:a. $8.3 \times 10^{5} \Omega$b. $5.3 \times 10^{1} \Omega$c. $1.2 \times 10^{-1} \Omega$d. $1.2 \times 10^{-6} \Omega$e. $1.7 \times 10^{2} \Omega$f. $3.7 \times 10^{-4} \Omega$

## Question 31

If a $15 \Omega$ resistor is connected in parallel with a $30 \Omega$ resistor, the equivalent resistance is

Select one:a. $45 \Omega$b. $22.5 \Omega$c. $20 \Omega$d. $15 \Omega$e. $10 \Omega$f. $60 \Omega$

## Question 32

A wire carries a current of 20 A from east to west. Assume that at this location the magnetic field of the earth is horizontal and directed from south to north, and has a magnitude of $0.50 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~T}$. Calculate the magnetic force on a 300 m length of the wire.

Select one:a. $\quad 4.0 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~N}$b. 0 Nc. $\quad 3.0 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~N}$d. $\quad 0.3 \mathrm{~N}$e. $\quad 3.3 \mathrm{~N}$f. $\quad 1.3 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~N}$

## Question 33

What is the wavelength of a particle, if its momentum is $2.6 \times 10^{-22} \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \cdot \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ ? Consider that the Planck's constant is $6.63 \times 10^{-34}$ $\mathrm{m}^{2} \cdot \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ and the charge of the particle $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{C}$.

Select one:a. $\quad 4.14 \times 10^{-15} \mathrm{~m}$b. $\quad 2.55 \times 10^{-12} \mathrm{~m}$c. $\quad 1.08 \times 10^{-36} \mathrm{~m}$d. $\quad 1.62 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$e. $\quad 4.08 \times 10^{-31} \mathrm{~m}$f. $\quad 2.76 \times 10^{-74} \mathrm{~m}$

## Question 34

Determine the optical power of the human eye if its effective focal length is 17 mm .
Select one:a. 34 Db. 17 Dc. 8.5 Dd. $O D$e. 59 Df. $\quad 1.7 \mathrm{D}$

## Question 35

Calculate the time required for a sample of radioactive technetium to lose $90 \%$ of its activity. Consider that the half-life of technetium is 6 hours?

Select one:a. $\quad 19.9 \mathrm{~h}$b. $\quad 10.8 \mathrm{~h}$C. $\quad 54.0 \mathrm{~h}$d. 23.4 he. 9.3 hf. $\quad 13.8 \mathrm{~h}$

## Correct answers:

| 1 D | 11 C | $21 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E}$ | 31 E |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 B | 12 C | $22 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$ | 32 D |
| 3 A | 13 D | $23 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{F}$ | 33 B |
| 4 C | 14 A | $24 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E}$ | 34 E |
| 5 D | 15 B | $25 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{F}$ | 35 A |
| 6 B | 16 A | 26 A |  |
| 7 C | 17 C | 27 B |  |
| 8 C | 18 A | 28 F |  |
| 9 C | 19 A | 29 C |  |
| 10 B | 20 D | 30 B |  |

